

Basketball & Reading Between the Lines: Explicit vs. Inferred Meaning



Definitions:

- Explicit Meaning: Information that is clearly stated in the text. You can *point to it*.
- Inferred Meaning: Information that is *not directly stated*, but you can figure it out using clues in the text and your own knowledge.

Example 1 (Modeled)

"Coach benched me for the first quarter. I didn't argue. I knew I hadn't shown up to practice on time all week. I just grabbed a towel, sat down, and promised myself I'd earn my spot back."

Explicit Meaning (stated directly):

- The player was benched for the first quarter.
- The player didn't argue.
- The player had been late to practice all week.
- The player sat on the bench and made a promise to themselves.

Inferred Meaning (figured out from clues):

- The coach likely benched the player because of being late to practice.
- The player respects the coach's decision.
- The player is motivated to improve and values their role on the team.

Example 2

"With five seconds left on the clock, Jordan passed the ball instead of taking the shot. The crowd gasped, but then erupted when his teammate nailed the three-pointer to win the game."

What is stated explicitly?

Basketball & Reading Between the Lines: Explicit vs. Inferred Meaning



What can you infer?

Example 3

"After the loss, Marcus stayed behind on the court, shooting free throws in silence while the rest of the team hit the locker room."

What is stated explicitly?

What can you infer?

Example 4

"The ref gave DeShawn a warning for talking back. He clenched his fists and turned away, taking deep breaths before walking back into position."

What is stated explicitly?

What can you infer?

Basketball & Reading Between the Lines: Explicit vs. Inferred Meaning



Wrap-Up Reflection

Why is it important to be able to infer meaning when reading a story or watching a game?
